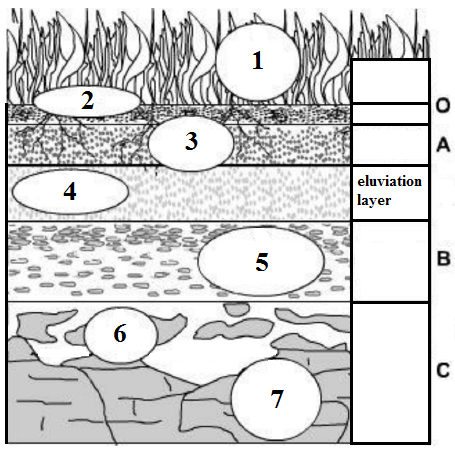
Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Soil Layers**

**Part One:** Use the word bank to label the empty boxes along the right side of the image below.

**Word Bank**

parent material topsoil humus surface litter subsoil



**Part Two:** Write the number from the image above next to the correct description.

\_\_\_\_\_ Animal and plant waste accumulates in this layer. Animals and plants use this nutrient-rich soil to live and grow.

\_\_\_\_\_ This layer has little organic material, but is has many minerals and nutrients.

\_\_\_\_\_ Animals and plants decompose and live in this layer. Here you will find lots of roots and bacteria.

\_\_\_\_\_ This hard layer has no organic material. It was formed before the rest of the layers and will not change until it is exposed to erosion or weather.

\_\_\_\_\_ This is the layer that has all the nutrients that have been washed down from the topsoil.

\_\_\_\_\_ On the surface of the soil, fresh organic material is collected.

\_\_\_\_\_ This layer is on top of solid rock. It is usually made of sedimentary rock, which has formed by compacting loose sediments together.